INTRODUCTION: Source and Availability of the Balance in the Account of the U.S. Treasury

The Treasury's operating cash is maintained in accounts with the Federal Reserve banks (FRBs) and branches, as well as in tax and loan accounts in other financial institutions. Major information sources include the Daily Balance Wire received from the FRBs and branches, and electronic transfers through the Letter of Credit Payment, Fedline Payment, and Fedwire Deposit Systems. As the FRB accounts are depleted, funds are called in (withdrawn) from thousands of tax and loan accounts at financial institutions throughout the country.

Under authority of Public Law 95-147, Treasury implemented a program on November 2, 1978, to invest a portion of its operating cash in obligations of depositaries maintaining tax and loan accounts. Under the Treasury tax and loan investment program, depositary financial institutions select the manner in which they will participate. Financial institutions wishing to retain funds deposited into their tax and loan accounts in interest-bearing obligations participate under the

Note Option. The program permits Treasury to collect funds through financial institutions and to leave the funds in Note Option depositaries and in the financial communities in which they arise until Treasury needs the funds for its operations. In this way, Treasury is able to neutralize the effect of its fluctuating operations on Note Option financial institution reserves and on the economy. Likewise, those institutions wishing to remit the funds to the Treasury's account at FRBs do so under the Remittance Option.

Deposits to tax and loan accounts occur as customers of financial institutions deposit tax payments, which the financial institutions use to purchase Government securities. In most cases, this involves a transfer of funds from a customer's account to the tax and loan account in the same financial institution. Also, Treasury can direct the FRBs to invest excess funds in tax and loan accounts directly from the Treasury account at the FRBs.

TABLE UST-1.--Elements of Change in Federal Reserve and Tax and Loan Note Account Balances

[In millions of dollars. Source: Financial Management Service]

Credits and withdrawals Federal Reserve accounts Credits Received through Tax and loan note accounts Withdrawals remittance option Fiscal year Received tax and loan (transfers to Federal Taxes ³ Withdrawals 2 or month directly depositaries Reserve accounts) (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) 3.068.821 264.818 3.333.340 566,620 565.581 3.266.858 288,556 3.538.754 572.967 572.321 3,407,516 331.337 3.746.152 584.383 583,369 1994 3.597.247 307.639 3.915.321 686.879 693,001 3.904.812 226.833 4.129.866 642.952 642,716 1995 - June 395.787 62,509 44.528 391,455 20,666 299,462 44,381 July...... 274,267 15,421 46,244 351,907 Aug. 15,102 373,446 45,356 69,694 290,931 18,998 306,074 58,374 42,408 Sept..... Oct..... 298,831 316,159 46,545 15.725 61.697 393,003 14,447 408,763 44,608 38,381 Nov. 316,921 21,708 338,354 68.902 74,788 Dec. 1996 - Jan. 355,071 54,403 339,184 18.119 39,676 Feb. 409,663 13,572 425,812 45.271 48.989 275,277 289,573 52,580 Mar. 15.685 63,252 520,944 17.110 538,054 58,821 36.392 Apr.... 438.093 424.041 14.052 46.232 82,756 May. June 318,757 17,596 336,353 7,844 30,732

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE UST-1.--Elements of Change in Federal Reserve and Tax and Loan Note Account Balances, con.

[In millions of dollars. Source: Financial Management Service]

	Balances							
	End of period		During period High Low				Average	
Fiscal year or month	Federal Reserve	Tax and loan note accounts	Federal Reserve	Tax and loan note accounts	Federal Reserve	Tax and loan note accounts	Federal Reserve	Tax and loan note accounts
	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
1991	7,928	33,556	27,810	36,577	2,427	422	6,646	19,202
1992	24,586	34,203	24,586	37,028	1,852	2,752	6,513	19,756
1993	17,289	35,217	28,386	37,540	1,108	1,625	6,510	18,978
1994	6,848	29,094	21,541	46,624	2,736	-	5,904	18,631
1995	8,620	29,329	20,977	41,288	2,826	99	6,127	16,955
1995 - June	20,977	39,563	20,977	39,870	2,826	775	7,530	19,928
July	11,206	37,700	20,977	39,563	4,860	21,161	6,984	28,380
Aug	4,767	13,363	7,418	36,873	4,048	5,167	5,257	14,366
Sept	8,620	29,329	17,499	41,288	4,001	1,430	6,850	17,754
Oct	7,018	14,176	8,620	33,237	3,416	4,677	5,384	12,446
Nov	5,703	20,402	6,538	20,402	4,621	-	5,410	8,195
Dec	5,979	14,515	11,383	40,647	4,998	3,617	6,762	15,191
1996 - Jan	8,210	29,243	9,168	31,776	4,368	5,655	6,298	17,023
Feb	5,632	25,525	6,294	31,102	2,490	1,878	4,953	14,227
Mar	7,021	14,853	9,455	23,272	3,527	57	5,610	10,367
Apr	11,042	37,281	15,668	37,281	4,485	1,266	7,318	15,761
May	3,757	757	11,967	37,881	3,757	757	5,714	12,867
June	7,701	30,332	9,206	31,670	3,272	757	6,162	14,821

as follows: Withheld income taxes beginning March 1948; taxes on employers and employees under the Federal Insurance Contributions Act beginning January 1950, and under the Railroad Retirement Tax Act beginning July 1951; a number of excise taxes beginning July 1953; estimated corporation income taxes beginning April 1967; all corporation income taxes due on or after Mar. 15, 1968; Federal Unemployment Tax Act taxes beginning April 1970, and individual estimated income taxes beginning October 1988.

¹ Represents transfers from tax and loan note accounts, proceeds from sales of securities other than Government account series, and taxes.
² Represents checks paid, wire transfer payments, drawdowns on letters of credit, redemptions of securities other than Government account series, and investment (transfer) of excess funds out of this account to the tax and loan note accounts.
³ Taxes eligible for credit consist of those deposited by taxpayers in the tax and loan depositaries